# Self-Harm Booklet



Your journey. Your way.

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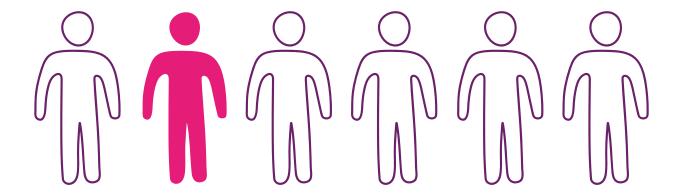




### Introduction

Self-harm affects people of all ages and genders. There is no such thing as an archetypal person who self-harms. Research does however indicate that young people are most at risk, and that approximately 1 in 6 young people in Scotland have self-harmed. Some research suggests that this is a conservative estimate.

The reasons why a person self-harms are unique to each individual. Self-harm is an expression of a person's feeling of stress, anger, frustration, shame, being "at a loss", or other feelings of distress. Self-harm is often a response to an underlying problem and is often described as a way of coping with associated distress.







### **About Penumbra**



Penumbra is a voluntary sector organisation working in the field of mental health. For many years we have sought to raise awareness of self-harm and to support those directly, and indirectly, affected.

This toolkit is designed as a resource for people who self-harm, and for those who may be supporting someone who is self-harming. It is a toolkit (not a workbook) and the tools can be used creatively and flexibly. Remember we are all individual and what works for one person doesn't necessarily work for another, but hopefully you might find some ideas in here that will help you, or someone you know, think about how to approach the issue of self-harm.





## **Useful Resources**



Confidential phone line for people who need someone to talk to

breathingspace.scot 0800 83 85 87

#### childline

ONLINE, ON THE PHONE, ANYTIME childline.org.uk | 0800 1111

> Helpline for Children and **Young People**

childline.org.uk 0800 11 11

# **SAMARITANS**

Samaritans: 24 hour confidential phone line for people who need someone to talk to

> samaritans.org 116 123



**User-led voluntary** organisation creating understanding about self-injury

lifesigns.org.uk

## Hands<sub>On</sub>

Practical information, tools and activities to respond helpfully to troubling behaviours and to help children and young people flourish

handsonscotland.co.uk



Information on **Self-Harm Services** penumbra.org.uk





# Information

## What is Self-Harm?



## Signs of Self-Harm

Sad, moody, angry, quiet Taking extra long in the bathroom

Plasters,
razors, scissors,
knives
disappear

Unexplained cut marks, bruises or burns

Only wearing long-sleeved clothing

Trauma or stressful life event

Changes in eating/sleeping pattern

Need for secrecy and privacy

Smell of Dettol, antiseptic etc

Low esteem, feeling worthless

There may be many reasons why some or all of these signs may occur and do not necessarily indicate self-harm.





## **Myths and Facts**

People who self-harm are manipulative and attention seeking.

The severity of the harm is reflective of the level of distress. Only teenage girls and women self-harm.

People who self-harm are trying to end their lives.









Self-harm is a way of coping with emotional distress. People usually self-harm in secret.

Self-harm is about the person and how they use it to cope - that does not mean one persons problem is "worse" than another. We all have different levels.

Self-harm can affect people of all ages, race, gender and economic background.

**Absolutely not! People** self-harm as a means of managing their emotions and trying to cope and survive with difficult thoughts and feelings. It is not usually a suicide attempt. The distinction is in the intent.





## Try to... Try not to...

#### Try to...

Listen

**Stay Calm** 

Understand why the person is self-harming

**Explore what the** person is gaining from their self-harm

Ask how you can help

Be sensitive

Be reliable

Make a plan to cope with difficult feelings

Attend to any immediate medical concerns and talk about how they can stay safer if they self harm again

#### Try not to...

Make quick judgements

Make assumptions

**Issue Ultimatums** 

**Get angry** 

Force the person to talk

Tell the person to stop

Confiscate self-harm equipment

Show disappointment if the self-harm continues





## Reducing Self-Harm

#### Keep a diary

What, how, where do I self-harm? What else am I doing?

#### What alternatives can I use?

What can I use that's safer? Fake blood, elastic bands or ice cubes

### Reducing Self-Harm

#### Know your triggers

What causes me to self-harm? What am I doing beforehand? Was there a time I stopped myself?

#### Talk to someone you trust

Parent, teacher, relative, friend, professional, helpline

#### Distract yourself

What will take my mind off? How else can I express myself? Art, music, poetry

#### Know how to care for yourself

First Aid, wound care, how to get immediate help?





## Alternatives to Self-Harm







## Tips for First Aid





PHONE 999: for severe cuts or burns shock, drowsiness or unconsciousness



#### **Cuts & Wounds**

Cover the wound

Apply pressure to the area

Lift the affected area above head height



#### **Overdose**

Check consciousness turn on side if

drowsy and stay with them

Identify what taken, how much and when

Re-assure by speaking quietly and calmly



#### **Burns**

Cool the affected are with cold runningwater

Remove jewellery and clothes (if notsticking)

Cover with cling film/clean plastic bag



#### **Distress**

Listen carefully

Speak calmly

Ask how you can help





# Tools

## Affirmations



I am good at	I feel best about myself when	My best features are	People like me because	My talents are
Things I recently did for others	My best qualities are	Important to me is	My favourite thing to wear is	I feel relaxed when
	What makes me laugh is	People I admire are	My favourite things are	





# Self-Harm Diary



Use this part of the diary to describe what happened if you did harm yourself.

What was I doing today? (What was happening what were you doing? who were you with)	Triggers (What was happening just before you started to think about harming yourself?)	How did I feel? (How did the triggers make you feel? How did you feel when you thought about hurting yourself?)	What did I do? (How did you hurt yourself? What did you do, and when?)	How did I feel after? (How did you feel immediately after you harmed yourself? How did you feel a few hours after you had harmed yourself?)





What was I doing today? (What was happening what were you doing? who were you with)	Triggers (What was happening just before you started to think about harming yourself?)	How did I feel? (How did the triggers make you feel? How did you feel when you thought about hurting yourself?)	What did I do? (How did you hurt yourself? What did you do, and when?)	How did I feel after?  (How did you feel immediately after you harmed yourself? How did you feel a few hours after you had harmed yourself?)





Use this part of the diary to describe what happened if you didn't harm yourself.

What was I doing today? (What was happening what were you doing? who were you with)	Triggers (What was happening just before you started to think about harming yourself?)	How did I feel? (How did the triggers make you feel? How did you feel when you thought about hurting yourself?)	<b>What did I do?</b> (What did I do instead/to avoid hurting myself?	How did I feel after? (How did you feel immediately after? How did you feel a few hours after?)





What was I doing today? (What was happening what were you doing? who were you with)	Triggers (What was happening just before you started to think about harming yourself?)	How did I feel? (How did the triggers make you feel? How did you feel when you thought about hurting yourself?)	What did I do? (What did I do instead/to avoid hurting myself?	How did I feel after? (How did you feel immediately after? How did you feel a few hours after?)





# Things that lift me up



Write in the clouds the things/people that cheer you up, make you smile, occupy you or distract you from bad thoughts (things that might help you cope if you are thinking of self-harm).



## Safe Plan



Use this to plan in advance for possible situations/events that may cause you distress and identify steps you and others can take to help keep you safe and well.

Safe places for me Things that make me feel safe are What soothes and relaxes me is People I trust to help me feel safe





Triggers  Describe the possible triggers/crisis that might occur that cause you to hurt yourself	What can I do  Describe what you can do to help yourself  avoid or minimise the crisis
What others can do  Describe what others can do to minimise the crisis	SOS!
What others can do  Describe what others can do to minimise the crisis	SOS! In an emergency, contact





## Talking Heads



#### Inner voice

We all have an inner voice that can make us question ourselves, our abilities, our looks, our qualities, our popularity. Write in the box below things that your inner voice tells you that affect your confidence and self-esteem.

#### I will tell myself...

Have a different conversation with yourself by challenging your inner voice when it is negative and remind yourself of your qualities, strengths, skills and value. Write in the box positive messages that you will tell yourself when you have negative thoughts.



# **Traffic Lights**



When I self-harm, I am feeling, thinking, doing...

Things that trigger my self harm are...

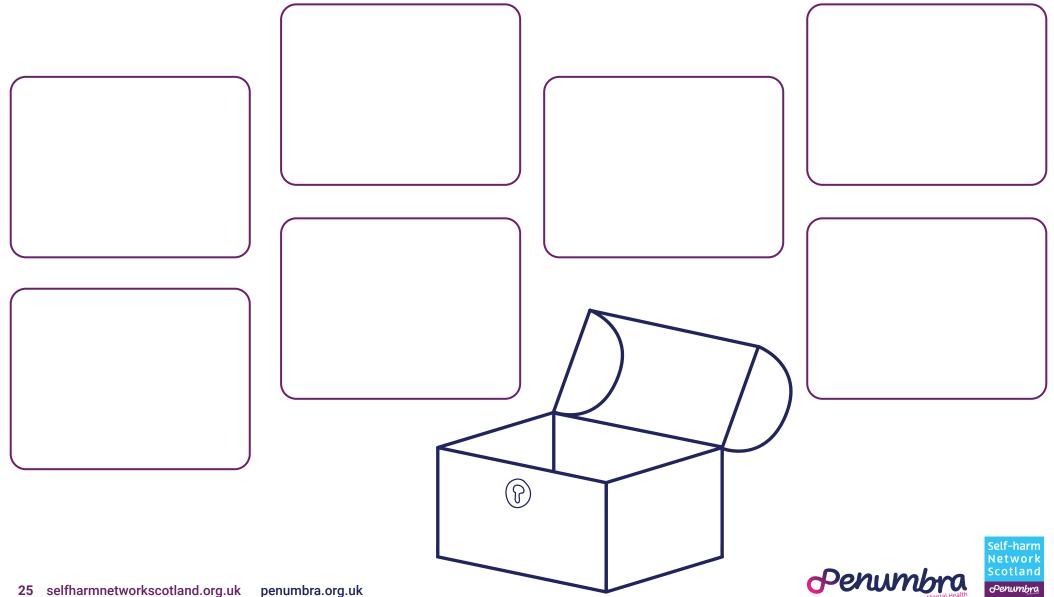
When I am not thinking of self-harm, I am thinking, feeling, doing...





# Things that I treasure are...





#### penumbra.org.uk

With thanks to people using Penumbra self-harm services, Penumbra self-harm workers and to Aberdeenshire council for their help putting this toolkit together.













